

Centre for Energy and Environmental Markets





# Network Tariff Analysis for EQL's Revised TSS 2020/25

#### - Small business customers

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#### **Project Overview**

- Aim is to determine the customer impacts of Energy Queensland's network tariffs proposed for the 2020/25 Tariff Structure Statement <sup>1</sup>
- Residential and small business customers using less than 100MWh/year
- Focus on the impacts on customers of shifting from energy-based network tariffs towards tariff structures with TOU energy and kW demand charges
- Static analysis, so does not include customer response to price signals

#### Presentation outline

- Method
- South East Small Business
- Ergon East Small Business





#### Method

- The UNSW Tariff Tool was used to model the impact of <u>network</u> tariffs on different customer loads
  - Is an open source model that can be accessed at CEEM website<sup>1</sup>
  - Sample load data from Frontier Economics from econometric modelling, each individual load is multiplied by its scaling factor, and so is intended to be statistically representative of customers in EQL's area.

Region	Customer type	No PV	Percentage	With PV	Percentage	Total
South East	Residential	2,741	54%	2,293	46%	5,034
	Business	1,788	94%	108	6%	1,896
Ergon East	Residential	964	71%	394	29%	1,358
	Business	1,430	89%	183	11%	1,613
Ergon West	Residential	116	67%	36	24%	152
	Business	163	86%	26	14%	189
TOTALS		7,202		3,040		10,242

Table 1 Number of customers with/out solar PV in the sample load data

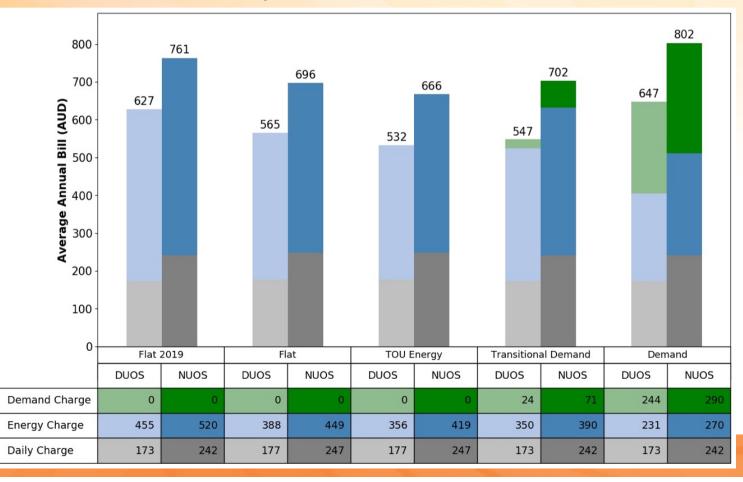
 Very diverse load profiles so need to split into less than 20MWh and greater than 20MWh/year





#### South East Small Business <20MWh/yr, 71% – Avrg bills

- Apart from under the Demand tariff, average and median bills under all the 2020/21 tariffs are lower than under the 2019/20 Flat tariff.
- Of the 2020/21 tariffs, the TOU Energy tariff results in the lowest average and median bills, followed by the Flat and Transitional demand tariffs.

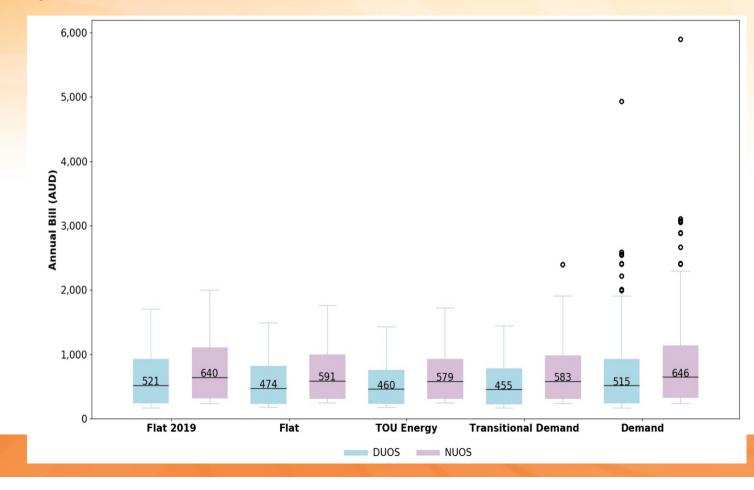






#### South East Small Business <20MWh/yr – Median bills

- Most customers are fairly tightly clustered about the median, but there is a small number of outliers under the Demand tariff – indicating they have quite peaky loads (poor load factor)
- Likely that these outliers are cross subsidised if under a Flat tariff.







## South East Small Business <20MWh/yr – Tariff impacts

- Compared to the 2019/20 Flat tariff the DUOS bill decreased the most
- Compared to the Flat tariff, most customers better off under TOUE and Transitional Demand tariffs, but not the Demand tariff

Table 8. Percentage Change in Customer Median Bills Compared to the 2019/20 Tariff, 20MWh/yr or less, South East Small Business

Tariff	Change		
	DUOS	NUOS	
Flat	-9%	-8%	
TOU Energy	-12%	-10%	
Transitional Demand	-13%	-9%	
Demand	-1%	1%	

#### Table 9. Percentage of Customers Better Off and Worse Off When Moving from the Flat Tariff, 20MWh/yr or less, South East Small Business

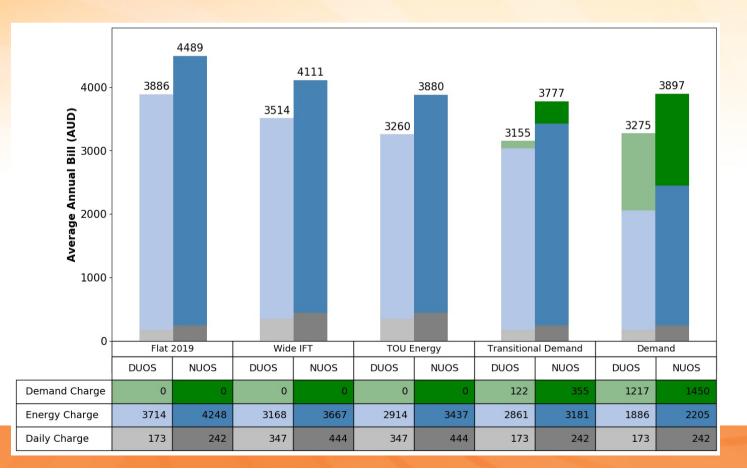
Tariff		IOS	NUC	
	Better Off	Worse Off	Better Off	Worse Off
TOU Energy	74%	16%	73%	17%
Transitional Demand	91%	9%	64%	36%
Demand	43%	57%	42%	58%





## South East Small Business >20MWh/yr, 29% – Avrg bills

- Average and median bills under all the 2020/21 bills are lower than under the 2019/20 Flat tariff.
- Of the 2020/21 tariffs, the Transitional demand tariff results in the lowest average and median bills, followed by the TOU Energy and Demand tariffs.

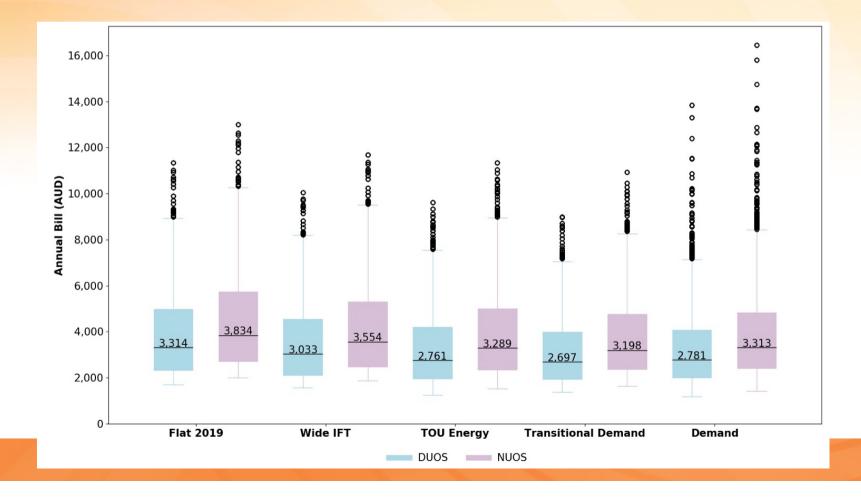






#### South East Small Business >20MWh/yr – Median bills

- Most customers are fairly tightly clustered about the median, but there are some high outliers, especially under the Demand tariff.
- Likely that Demand tariff outliers are cross subsidised if under a Flat tariff.







## South East Small Business >20MWh/yr – Tariff impacts

- Compared to the 2019/20 Flat tariff the DUOS bill decreased the most
- Compared to the Flat tariff, most customers better off under TOU Energy, Transitional Demand and Demand tariffs

Table 10. Percentage Change in Customer Median Bills Compared to the 2019/20 Tariff, More than 20MWh/yr, South East Small Business

Tariff	Change		
	DUOS	NUOS	
Wide IFT	-8%	-7%	
TOU Energy	-17%	-14%	
Transitional Demand	-19%	-17%	
Demand	-16%	-14%	

 Table 11. Percentage of Customers Better Off and Worse Off When Moving from the Wide IFT Tariff, More

 than 20MWh/yr, South East Small Business

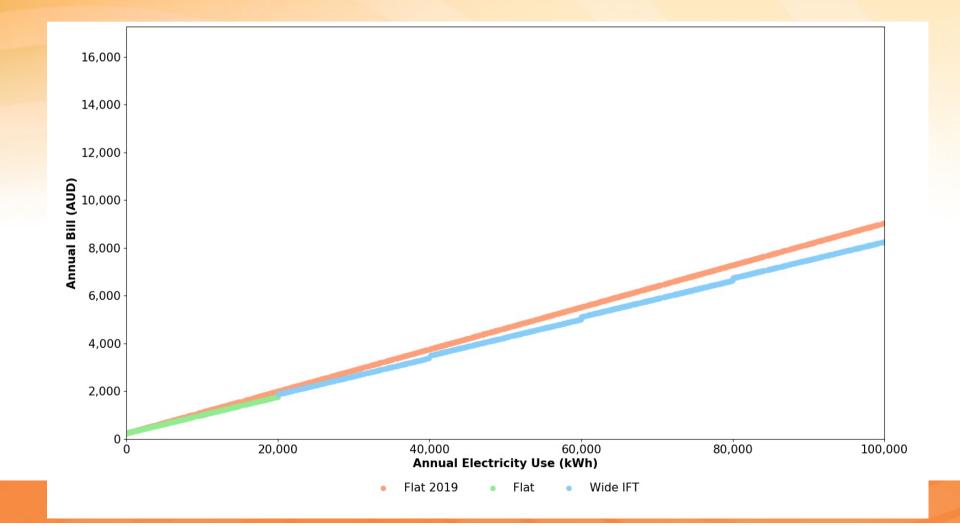
· <b>t</b> ·						
Tariff	DUOS		NUOS			
	Better Off	Worse Off	Better Off	Worse Off		
TOU Energy	88%	12%	85%	15%		
Transitional Demand	99%	1%	94%	6%		
Demand	73%	27%	70%	30%		





#### SE Small Business – NUOS compared to elec use 1

 Compared to the 2019/20 Flat tariff, the Flat and Wide IFT tariffs result in lower bills for all customers

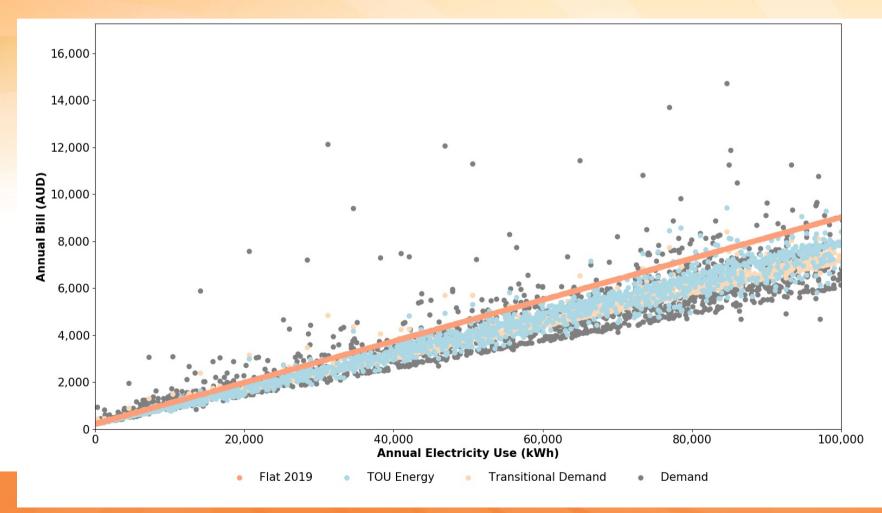






#### SE Small Business – NUOS compared to elec use 2

- TOU Energy, Trans Demand and Demand tariffs generally result in lower bills, although a small number of customers with poor LFs are worse off.
- Highlights the importance of managing demand peaks with these tariffs

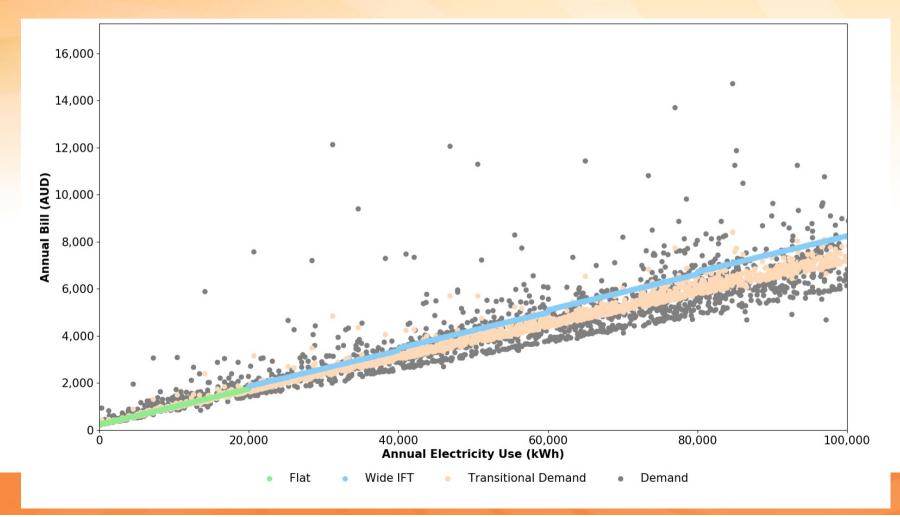






#### SE Small Business – NUOS compared to elec use 3

 As expected, compared to the Flat tariff, both the Transitional Demand and Demand tariffs can result in higher bills for customers with poor load factors (because Flat tariff is already lower).

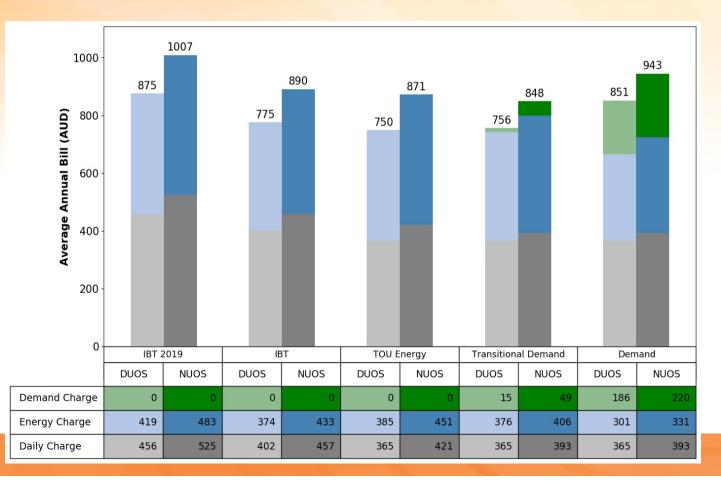






#### Ergon East Small Business <20MWh/yr, 76% – Avrg bills

- The average and median bills under all the 2020/21 tariffs are lower than under the 2019/20 Flat tariff.
- Of the 2020/21 tariffs, the Transitional Demand tariff results in the lowest average and median bills, followed by the TOU Energy and IBT tariffs.

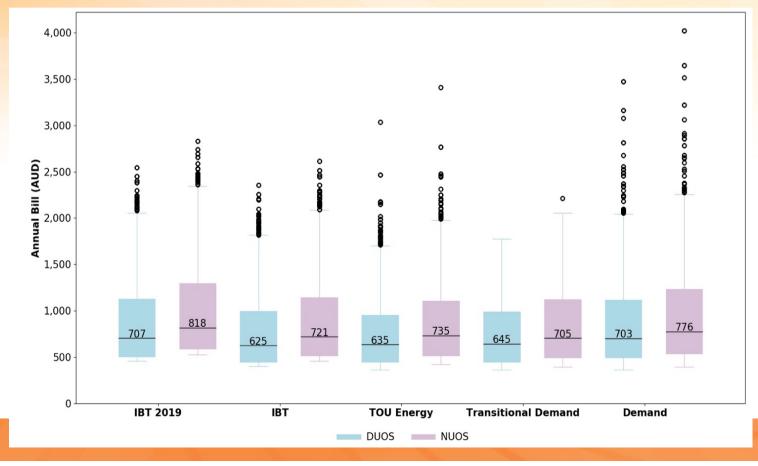






#### Ergon East Small Business <20MWh/yr – Median bills

- Most customers are fairly tightly clustered about the median, but there are some high outliers, especially under the Demand tariff.
- Likely that Demand tariff outliers are cross subsidised if under a Flat tariff
- Transitional Demand tariff has a very small demand charge (33c vs \$4)







## Ergon East Small Business <20MWh/yr – Tariff impacts

- Compared to the 2019/20 IBT tariff the DUOS & NUOS decreases similar
- Compared to the IBT tariff, most customers better off under TOUE and Transitional Demand tariffs, but not the Demand tariff

Table 16. Percentage Change in Customer Median Bills Compared to the 2019/20 Tariff, Ergon East Small Business

Tariff	Change				
	DUOS	NUOS			
IBT	-12%	-12%			
TOU Energy	-10%	-10%			
Transitional Demand	-9%	-14%			
Demand	-1%	-5%			

Table 17. Percentage of Customers Better Off and Worse Off When Moving from the IBT Tariff, Ergon East Small Business

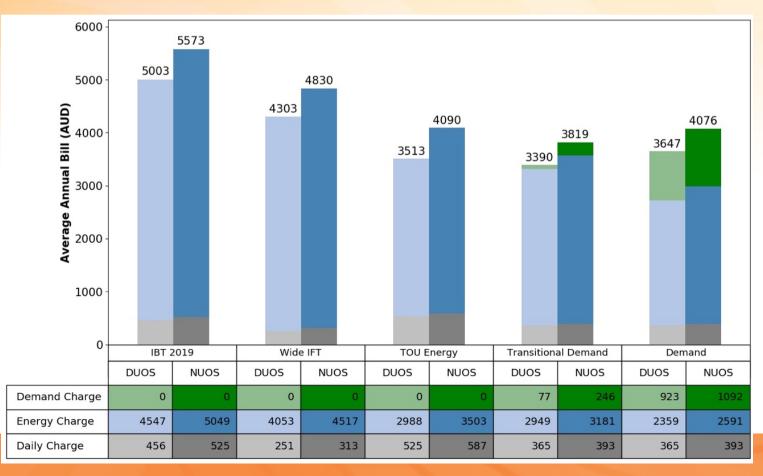
Tariff	DUOS		NU	OS
	Better Off Worse Off		Better Off	Worse Off
TOU Energy	61%	39%	58%	42%
Transitional Demand	67%	33%	92%	8%
Demand	33%	67%	50%	50%





## Ergon East Small Business >20MWh/yr, 24% – Avrg bills

- Average and median bills under all the 2020/21 bills are lower than under the 2019/20 IBT tariff.
- Of the 2020/21 tariffs, the Transitional demand tariff results in the lowest average and median bills, followed by the TOU Energy and Demand tariffs.

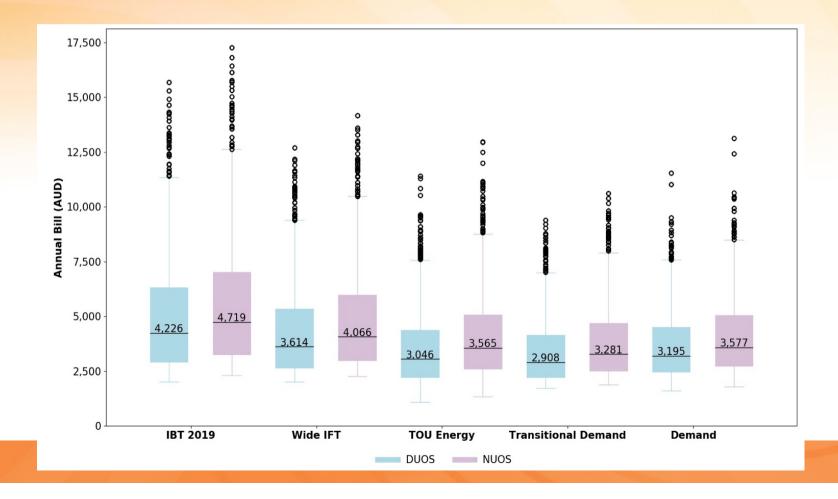






#### Ergon East Small Business >20MWh/yr – Median bills

- Most customers are fairly tightly clustered about the median, but there are some high outliers, especially under the 2019/20 IBT.
- Indicates that these customers have fairly good load factors.







## Ergon East Small Business >20MWh/yr – Tariff impacts

- Compared to the 2019/20 IBT tariff the DUOS & NUOS decreases similar
- Compared to the IBT tariff, clear majority of customers are better off under TOU Energy, Transitional Demand and Demand tariffs

Tariff	Change				
	DUOS	NUOS			
Wide IFT	-14%	-14%			
TOU Energy	-28%	-24%			
Transitional Demand	-31%	-30%			
Demand	-24%	-24%			

Table 18. Percentage Change in Customer Median Bills Compared to the 2019/20 Tariff, Ergon East Small Business

#### Table 19. Percentage of Customers Better Off and Worse Off When Moving from the Wide IFT Tariff, Ergon East Small Business

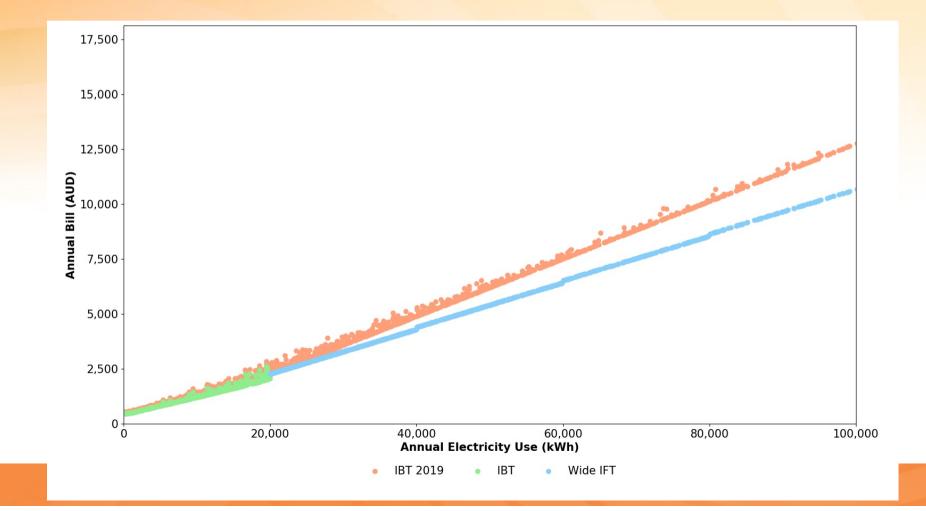
Tariff DUOS		IOS	NUOS	
	Better Off	Worse Off	Better Off	Worse Off
TOU Energy	89%	11%	87%	13%
Transitional Demand	100%	0%	85%	15%
Demand	85%	15%	98%	2%





#### Ergon East Small Business – NUOS compared to elec use 1

 Compared to the 2019/20 IBT tariff, the IBT and Wide IFT tariffs result in lower bills for all customers

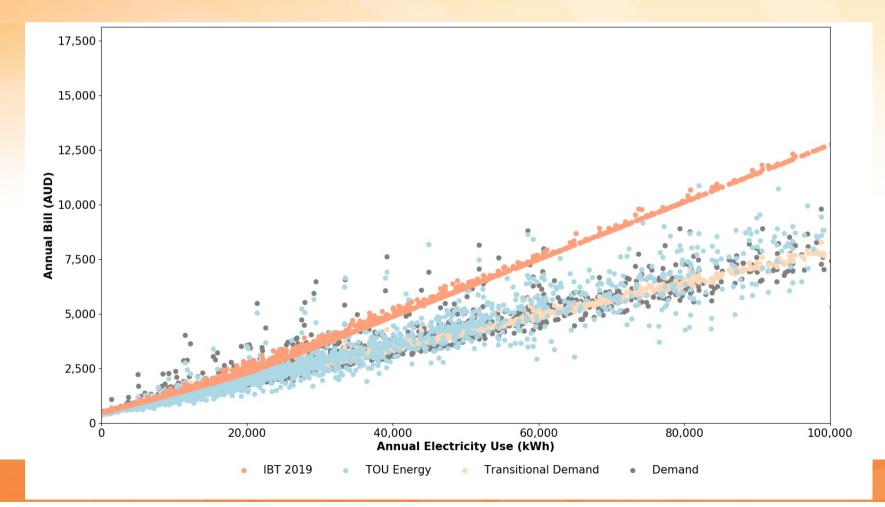






#### Ergon East Small Business – NUOS compared to elec use 2

- TOU Energy, Transitional Demand and Demand tariffs generally result in lower bills, although some customers with poor load factors are worse off.
- Highlights the importance of managing demand peaks with these tariffs

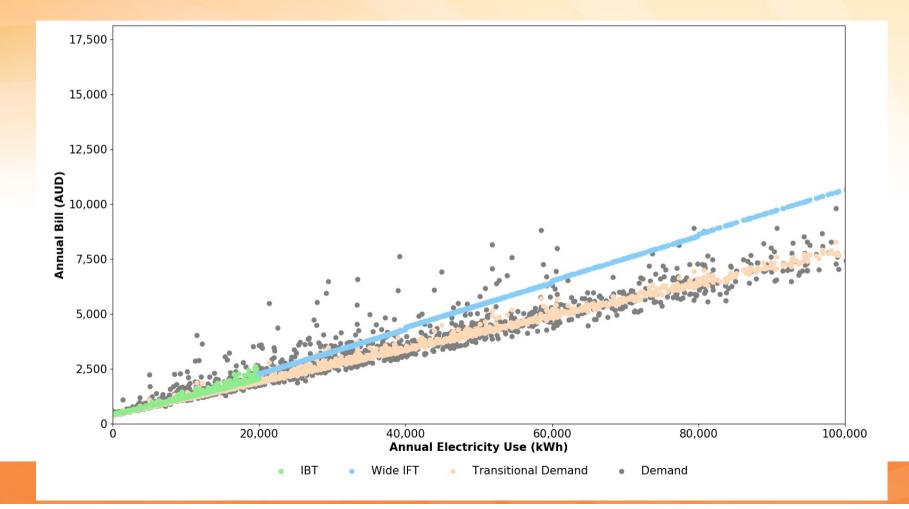






#### Ergon East Small Business – NUOS compared to elec use 3

 As expected, compared to the Flat tariff, both the Transitional Demand and Demand tariffs can result in higher bills for a small number of customers with poor load factors.







## Thank you... and questions

*Many of our publications are available at:* <u>www.ceem.unsw.edu.au</u>

www.ceem.unsw.edu.au





#### Solar PV systems in Sample

Table 2 Size	distribution of	solar PV	(by inverter)
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Region	Customer type	Minimum (kW)	Maximum (kW)	Average (kW)	Median (kW)
South East	Residential	1	12.95	1.34	3.6
	Business	1.5	100	17.2	20
Ergon East	Residential	1	15	1.63	3.6
	Business	1.5	366	27.6	5
Ergon West	Residential	1.5	15	2.29	3.9
	Business	1.5	20	5.29	4.1